

Analysis of Polypyromellitimide (PI) by Reactive Pyrolysis

When analyzing condensation polymers such as polypyromellitimide (PI) by Py-GC technique, reactive pyrolysis in the presence of tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide (TMAH) gives constituent monomer of methyl ester. Fig. 1 shows a pyrogram obtained by flash pyrolysis of PI, and Fig 2 shows a pyrogram obtained by reactive pyrolysis in the presence of TMAH. Flash pyrolysis technique gave aromatic products arising from fission of the mail chain and hydrogen abstraction such as phenols, amines, nitrile, and imides. On the other hand, reactive pyrolysis at 400° C gave constituent monomer of PI that is methyl derivative of oxydianiline as shown in the pyrogram (Fig. 2).

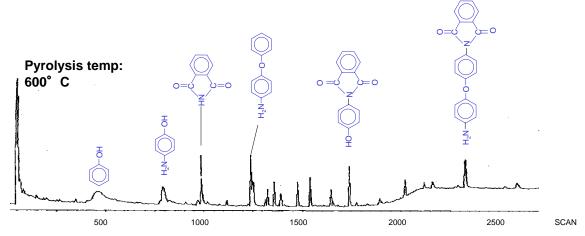


Fig. 1 Pyrogram Obtained by Flash Pyrolysis of Polypyromellitimide

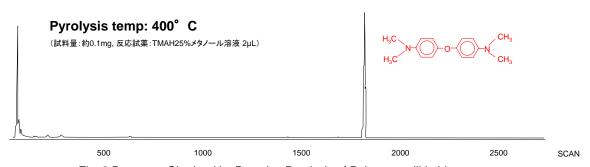


Fig. 2 Pyrogram Obtained by Reactive Pyrolysis of Polypyromellitimide

Analytical conditions: Carrier gas: He, Injection port pressure: 103kPa, Split ratio: 1/60, Separation column: Ultra ALLOY*-5 (5% diphenyldimethylpolysiloxane) Length: 30m, Id: 0.25mm, Film thickness: 0.25µm, GC oven temp: 40°C~300°C (20°C /min), GC injection port tem: 320°C

Material excerpted from "Analysis of Polymeric Materials by Pyrolysis GC/MS", Sato (Toray Research Center), 2nd Pyrolysis Gas Chromatography Seminar (hosted by Frontier Lab Ltd.)

Keywords: Polypyromellitimide, PI, Monomer, Reactive Pyrolysis, Tetramethyl Ammonium Hydroxide, TMAH

Products used: Multi-functional pyrolyzer

Applications: General Polymer Analysis

Related technical notes:

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